FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:55:20 ON 15 JAN 2004

=> file agricola biosis embase caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 11:55:34 ON 15 JAN 2004

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 11:55:34 ON 15 JAN 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.(R)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 11:55:34 ON 15 JAN 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:55:34 ON 15 ĴAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> duplicate remove l1
DUPLICATE PREFERENCE IS 'AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, EMBASE, CAPLUS'
KEEP DUPLICATES FROM MORE THAN ONE FILE? Y/(N):n

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1

L2 152 DUPLICATE REMOVE L1 (77 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s 12 and maize

L3 16 L2 AND MAIZE

=> d 13 1-16 ti

- ANSWER 1 OF 16 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2004) on STN
- TI Green-fluorescent protein facilitates rapid in vivo detection of genetically \*\*\*transformed\*\*\* plant cells.
- ANSWER 2 OF 16 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2004) on STN
- TI Transgenic Italian ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum) plants from microprojectile \*\*\*bombardment\*\*\* of embryogenic suspension cells.
- ANSWER 3 OF 16 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2004) on STN

\

COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:26:00 ON 16 JAN 2004
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s maize and bombardment and embryo and immature and fresh
L1 3 MAIZE AND BOMBARDMENT AND EMBRYO AND IMMATURE AND FRESH

=> d l1 1-3 ti

- L1 ANSWER 1 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
- TI A comparison of methods for direct gene transfer into \*\*\*maize\*\*\* (Zea mays L.).
- L1 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Establishment of a genetic transformation system for \*\*\*maize\*\*\*
  inbred P9-10
- L1 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI A comparison of methods for direct gene transfer into \*\*\*maize\*\*\* (Zea mays L.)

≐> d l1 1-2 ibib ab

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:433838 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PREV199800433838

TITLE:

A comparison of methods for direct gene transfer into

\*\*\*maize\*\*\* (Zea mays L.).

AUTHOR(S):

Southgate, E. M.; Davey, M. R. [Reprint author]; Power, J.

B.; Westcott, R. J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Plant Res. Group, Dep. Life Science, Univ. Nottingham,

University Park, Nottingham NG7 2RD, UK

SOURCE:

In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology Plant,

(July-Sept., 1998) Vol. 34, No. 3, pp. 218-224. print.

CODEN: IVCPEO. ISSN: 1054-5476.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Article English

LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 7 Oct 1998

Last Updated on STN: 7 Oct 1998

Techniques for transforming intact tissues of cereals were evaluated for their efficacy in transforming \*\*\*immature\*\*\* \*\*\*embryos\*\*\* Type II callus of \*\*\*maize\*\*\* (Zea mays L.). The techniques used were \*\*\*bombardment\*\*\* , tissue electroporation, tissue particle electrophoresis, and silicon carbide fibers. Each method was assessed in terms of transient beta-glucuronidase (GUS) expression. High levels of GUS expression were observed in Al88 Type II callus using both tissue electroporation and particle \*\*\*bombardment\*\*\* , with means of 417.8 \*\*\*fresh\*\*\* and 954.5 blue expression units (beu) per q weight (FW) callus, respectively. Only particle \*\*\*bombardment\*\*\* resulted in high transient gene expression in \*\*\*immature\*\*\* \*\*\*embryos\*\*\* with a mean transformation frequency of 34.8 b.e.u. per \*\*\*embryo\*\*\* Very low levels of GUS expression were achieved with silicon carbide-mediated gene transfer, even when employing tissues used in the

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.18 29.73

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -0.69

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:31:41 ON 16 JAN 2004

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 12:31:41 ON 16 JAN 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. (R)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 12:31:41 ON 16 JAN 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:31:41 ON 16 JAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s transformation and maize and particle and embryo and immature 38 TRANSFORMATION AND MAIZE AND PARTICLE AND EMBRYO AND IMMATURE

=> dplicate remove 16 DPLICATE IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> duplicate remove 16 DUPLICATE PREFERENCE IS 'AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' KEEP DUPLICATES FROM MORE THAN ONE FILE? Y/(N):n PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6 21 DUPLICATE REMOVE L6 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED) T.7

=> d 17 1-10 ibib ab

ANSWER 1 OF 21 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:42972 AGRICOLA

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

IND23332513

TITLE:

Gametic \*\*\*embryos\*\*\* of \*\*\*maize\*\*\* target for biolistic \*\*\*transformation\*\*\*

comparison to \*\*\*immature\*\*\* zygotic

\*\*\*embryos\*\*\*

AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

Aulinger, I.E.; Peter, S.O.; Schmid, J.E.; Stamp, P.

DNAL (QK725.P54)

AVAILABILITY:

Plant cell reports, Feb 2003. Vol. 21, No. 6. p.

585-591

Publisher: Berlin : Springer-Verlag.

CODEN: PCRPD8; ISSN: 0721-7714

NOTE:

Includes references

PUB. COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: Germany

Article

result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:04:28 ON 15 JAN 2004

=> file agricola biosis embase caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 10:04:45 ON 15 JAN 2004

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:04:45 ON 15 JAN 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. (R)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 10:04:45 ON 15 JAN 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:04:45 ON 15 JAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s immature(w) maize(w) embryo and microprojectile 3 IMMATURE(W) MAIZE(W) EMBRYO AND MICROPROJECTILE

=> d l1 1-3 ibib ab

ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:1004361 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:1574

TITLE:

Methods for transformation and regeneration of

immature corn embryos

INVENTOR(S):

Ranch, Jerome P.; Marsh, Wallace A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 18 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE US 2001-993080 20011113 US 2002120961 A1 20020829 US 2000-248427P P 20001114 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

Methods are provided for transforming freshly isolated, \*\*\*immature\*\*\* \*\*\*embryos\*\*\* and for producing transgenic maize plants.

The immature corn embryos are obtained 6 to 14 days following pollination. The methods comprise obtaining immature embryos from a maize plant, contacting the embryos with an auxin-depleted or phytohormone-depleted transformation support medium and introducing a nucleotide construct into cells from the embryos prior to subjecting the embryos to conditions which promote embryogenic-tissue formation. Transformation is performed using \*\*\*microprojectile\*\*\* bombardment device. The methods addnl. comprise

.beta.-glucosidase activity. The invention also presented information on: (1) the mRNA expression of .beta.-glucosidase genes in rhm1 plants before and after inoculation with a pathogen (Cochliobolus heterostrophus or Bipolaris maydis) and (2) free DIMBOA (2,4-dihydroxy-7-methoxy-1,4-benzoxazin-3-one) levels (the product of .beta.-glucosidase acting upon DIMBOA glucosides) in rhm1 verses wild-type plants.

-2.08

-2.08

=> FIL STNGUIDE

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:07:06 ON 15 JAN 2004
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT
COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, JAPAN SCIENCE
AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Jan 9, 2004 (20040109/UP).

=>

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

=> file agricola biosis embase caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 1.68 20.04 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -2.08

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 10:23:51 ON 15 JAN 2004

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:23:51 ON 15 JAN 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.(R)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 10:23:51 ON 15 JAN 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:23:51 ON 15 JAN 2004
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> duplicate remove 12

DUPLICATE PREFERENCE IS 'AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CAPLUS'

KEEP DUPLICATES FROM MORE THAN ONE FILE? Y/(N):n

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2

L3 11 DUPLICATE REMOVE L2 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)